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Bylaws of

## In Good Company

A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation
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## ARTICLE 1

SECTION 1.1 CORPORATE NAME
The name of this corporation is In Good Company (the "Corporation").

## ARTICLE 2 OFFICES

SECTION $2.1 \quad$ PRINCIPAL OFFICE
The principal office for the transaction of the business of the Corporation may be established at any place or places within the State of California by resolution of the Board.

## SECTION $2.2 \quad$ OTHER OFFICES

The Board may at any time establish branch or subordinate offices at any place or places where the Corporation is qualified to transact business.

## ARTICLE 3 PURPOSES

SECTION 3.1 GENERAL PURPOSE
The Corporation is a nonprofit public benefit corporation and is not organized for the private gain of any person. It is organized under the Nonprofit Corporation Law of California ("California Nonprofit Corporation Law") for public purposes.

SECTION 3.2 SPECIFIC PURPOSE
The specific purpose of this Corporation shall include without limitation, to ensure clean, healthy, and sustainable environments for historically excluded communities by managing decarbonization partnerships and projects.

## LIMITATIONS

## SECTION $4.1 \quad$ POLITICAL ACTIVITIES

The Corporation has been formed under California Nonprofit Corporation Law for the charitable purposes described in Article 3, and it shall be nonprofit and nonpartisan. No substantial part of the activities of this Corporation shall consist of carrying on propaganda, or otherwise attempting to influence legislation, and this Corporation shall not participate in or intervene in any political campaign (including the publishing or distribution of statements) on behalf of, or in opposition to, any candidate for public office.

## SECTION $4.2 \quad$ PROHIBITED ACTIVITIES

The Corporation shall not, except in any insubstantial degree, engage in any activities or exercise any powers that are not in furtherance of the purposes described in Article 3. The Corporation may not carry on any activity for the profit of its Officers, Directors, or other private persons or distribute any gains, profits or dividends to its Officers, Directors, or other persons as such. Furthermore, nothing in Article 3 shall be construed as allowing the Corporation to engage in any activity not permitted to be carried on (i) by a corporation exempt from federal income tax under section 501(c)(3)
of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code") or (ii) by a corporation, contributions to which are deductible under section 170(c)(2) of the Code.

## ARTICLE 5

SECTION 5.1 PROPERTY DEDICATED TO NONPROFIT PURPOSES
The property of this Corporation is irrevocably dedicated to the purposes set forth herein and no part of the net income or assets of this Corporation shall ever inure to the benefit of any Director, Officer or member thereof or to the benefit of any private person, except that the Corporation is authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article 3 hereof.

SECTION 5.2 DISTRIBUTION OF ASSETS UPON DISSOLUTION
Upon the dissolution or winding up of this Corporation, its assets remaining after payment, or provision for payment, of all debts and liabilities of this Corporation shall be distributed to a nonprofit fund, foundation or corporation which is organized and operated exclusively for charitable, educational and/or religious purposes and which has established its tax-exempt status under Internal Revenue Code section 501(c)(3).

## MEMBERSHIP

SECTION 6.1 MEMBERS
The Corporation shall have no members within the meaning of section 5056 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law.

## SECTION 6.2 NON-VOTING MEMBERS

The Board may adopt policies and procedures for the admission of associate members or other designated members who shall have no voting rights in the Corporation. Such associates or other members are not "members" of the Corporation as defined in section 5056 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law.

## ARTICLE 7 DIRECTORS

## SECTION $7.1 \quad$ NUMBER AND QUALIFICATIONS

7.1.1 Number

The authorized number of directors of the Corporation ("Directors") shall not be less than five or more than fifteen; the exact authorized number to be fixed, within these limits, by resolution of the Board. One of the authorized Director positions shall be filled ex officio by the Chief Executive Officer, who shall be entitled to vote on all matters except those related to their employment status and compensation. The remaining Directors shall be elected pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 7.3.
7.1.2 Qualifications

The Board shall make reasonable efforts to include Directors who represent the diversity of the San Diego region, including, but not limited to, factors such as race,
age, ethnicity, gender, or geography. Directors shall support the goals, philosophies, and objectives of the Corporation and the laws and regulations under which it is founded.

A Director shall not:
(a) engage in any activity that is directly contrary to the interests of the Corporation;
(b) engage in the misrepresentation of the Corporation and its policies to outside third parties, either willfully, or on a repeated basis;
(c) be disruptive or unprofessional during two or more board meetings or exhibit behavior that is deemed to be detrimental to the function of the board meeting; or
(d) violate any other qualification or requirement for board service that has been adopted by resolution of the Board of Directors prior to the commencement of that Director's term of office, if that Director was notified of such qualification or requirement at the commencement of their term of office.

## SECTION 7.2 CORPORATE POWERS EXERCISED BY THE BOARD

Subject to the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation of the Corporation (the "Articles of Incorporation"), California Nonprofit Law, and any other applicable laws, the business affairs of the Corporation shall be managed, and all corporate powers shall be exercised, by or under the direction of the board of Directors (the "Board"). The Board may delegate the management of the activities of the Corporation to any person or persons, management company, or committee however composed, provided that the activities and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed and all corporate powers shall be exercised under the ultimate direction of the Board.

## SECTION 7.3 TERMS; ELECTION OF SUCCESSORS

At the first annual meeting, the Directors shall be divided into three approximately equal groups and designated by the Board to serve, one-, two-, or three-year terms. Thereafter, the term of office of each Director shall be two years. Each Director, including a Director elected to fill a vacancy, shall hold office until the expiration of the term for which they were elected and until the election and qualification of a successor, or until that Director's earlier resignation or removal in accordance with these Bylaws and California Nonprofit Corporation Law. Directors shall not serve for more than three consecutive terms. A Director who has resigned, been removed, or has served three consecutive terms may be eligible to serve as a Director after one year has passed since that person was last a Director.

## SECTION $7.4 \quad$ VACANCIES

7.4.1 Events Causing Vacancy

A vacancy or vacancies on the Board shall be deemed to exist on the occurrence of the following: (i) the death, resignation, or removal of any Director, (ii) whenever the number of authorized Directors is increased; or (iii) the failure of the Board, at any meeting at which any Director or Directors are to be elected, to elect the full authorized number of Directors.

Removal
The Board may by resolution declare vacant the office of a Director who has been declared of unsound mind by an order of court, or convicted of a felony, or found by final order or judgment of any court to have breached a duty under California Nonprofit Corporation Law.

The Board may by resolution declare vacant the office of a director who fails to attend three (3) consecutive Board meetings.

The Board may by a majority vote of the Directors who meet all of the required qualifications to be a Director set forth in Section 7.1.2, declare vacant the office of any Director who fails or ceases to meet any required qualification that was in effect at the beginning of that Director's current term of office.

Directors may be removed without cause by a majority of Directors then in office.
7.4.3 No Removal on Reduction of Number of Directors No reduction of the authorized number of Directors shall have the effect of removing any Director before that Director's term of office expires unless the reduction also provides for the removal of that specified Director in accordance with these Bylaws and California Nonprofit Corporation Law.
7.4.4 Resignations

Except as provided in this Section 7.4.4, any Director may resign by giving written notice to the Chairperson, the President, the Secretary, or the Board. Such a written resignation will be effective on the later of (i) the date it is delivered or (ii) the time specified in the written notice that the resignation is to become effective. No Director may resign if the Corporation would then be left without a duly elected Director or Directors in charge of its affairs, except upon notice to the California Attorney General (the "Attorney General").

### 7.4.5 Election to Fill Vacancies

If there is a vacancy on the Board, including a vacancy created by the removal of a Director, the Board may fill such vacancy by electing an additional director as soon as practicable after the vacancy occurs. If the number of Directors then in office is less than a quorum, additional directors may be elected to fill such vacancies by (i) the unanimous written consent of the Directors then in office, (ii) the affirmative vote of a majority of the Directors in office at a meeting held according to notice or waivers complying with section 5211 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law, or (iii) a sole remaining Director.

SECTION 7.5 REGULAR MEETINGS
Each year, the Board shall hold at least one meeting, at a time and place fixed by the Board, for the purposes of election of Directors, appointment of Officers, review and approval of the corporate budget and transaction of other business. This meeting is sometimes referred to in these Bylaws as the "annual meeting." Other regular meetings of the Board may be held at such time and place as the Board may fix from time to time by resolution.

SECTION 7.6

## SECTION 7.7 NOTICE OF MEETINGS

7.7.1 Manner of Giving Except when the time and place of a regular meeting is set by the Board by resolution in advance (as permitted by Section 7.5), notice of the time and place of all regular and special meetings shall be given to each Director by one of the following methods:
(a) Electronic mail or other means of electronic transmission if the recipient has consented to accept notices in this manner.
(b) Personal delivery of oral or written notice;
(c) Telephone, including a voice message; or
(d) Text messaging.

All such notices shall be given or sent to the Director's address, phone number, or email address as shown on the records of the Corporation. Any oral notice given personally or by telephone may be communicated directly to the Director or to a person who would reasonably be expected to promptly communicate such notice to the Director. Notice of regular meetings may be given in the form of a calendar or schedule that sets forth the date, time and place of more than one regular meeting.
7.7.2 Time Requirements

Notices given by personal delivery, telephone, voice messaging or other system or technology designed to record and communicate messages, email or other electronic transmission shall be delivered at least 48 hours before the time set for the meeting.

### 7.7.3 Notice Contents

The notice shall state the time and place for the meeting, except that if the meeting is scheduled to be held at the principal office of the Corporation, the notice shall be valid even if no place is specified. The notice need not specify the purpose of the meeting unless required elsewhere in these Bylaws.

## SECTION 7.8

PLACE OF BOARD MEETINGS
Regular and special meetings of the Board may be held at any place within or outside the state that has been designated in the notice of the meeting, or, if not stated in the notice or, if there is no notice, designated by resolution of the Board. If the place of a regular or special meeting is not designated in the notice or fixed by a resolution of the Board, it shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation.
7.8.1 Virtual Meetings

The Board may hold any meeting, in whole or in part, and vote through electronic transmissions or through electronic video screen communication as long as all

Directors participating in the meeting can communicate with one another and all other requirements of California Nonprofit Corporation Law are satisfied. All such Directors shall be deemed to be present in person at such meetings.

## SECTION $7.9 \quad$ QUORUM AND ACTION OF THE BOARD

7.9.1 Quorum

A majority of Directors then in office (but no fewer than two Directors or one-fifth of the authorized number in Section 7.1.1, whichever is greater) shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, except to adjourn as provided in Section 7.11.
7.9.2 Minimum Vote Requirements for Valid Board Action

Every act taken or decision made by a vote of the majority of the Directors present at a meeting duly held at which a quorum is present is the act of the Board, unless a greater number is expressly required by California Nonprofit Corporation Law, the Articles of Incorporation or these Bylaws. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the withdrawal of Directors from the meeting, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.
7.9.3 When a Greater Vote is Required for Valid Board Action The following actions shall require a vote by a majority of all Directors then in office in order to be effective:
(a) Approval of contracts or transactions in which a Director has a direct or indirect material financial interest as described in Section 10.1 (provided that the vote of any interested Director(s) is not counted);
(b) Creation of, and appointment to, Committees (but not advisory committees) as described in Section 8.1; and
(c) Removal of a Director without cause as described in Section 7.4.2

SECTION 7.10 WAIVER OF NOTICE
The transactions of any meeting of the Board, however called and noticed or wherever held, shall be as valid as though taken at a meeting duly held after regular call and notice, if (i) a quorum is present, and (ii) either before or after the meeting, each of the Directors who is not present at the meeting signs a written waiver of notice, a consent to holding the meeting, or an approval of the minutes. The waiver of notice or consent does not need to specify the purpose of the meeting. All waivers, consents, and approvals shall be filed with the corporate records or made a part of the minutes of the meeting. Also, notice of a meeting is not required to be given to any Director who attends the meeting without protesting before or at its commencement about the lack of adequate notice. Directors can protest the lack of notice only by presenting a written protest to the Secretary either in person, by first-class mail addressed to the Secretary at the principal office of the Corporation as contained on the records of the Corporation as of the date of the protest, or by email addressed to the email of the Corporation as contained on the records of the Corporation as of the date of the protest.

SECTION 7.11 ADJOURNMENT
A majority of the Directors present, whether or not constituting a quorum, may adjourn any meeting to another time and place.

SECTION 7.12 NOTICE OF ADJOURNMENT
Notice of the time and place of holding an adjourned meeting need not be given, unless the meeting is adjourned for more than 24 hours, in which case personal notice of the time and place shall be given before the time of the adjourned meeting to the Directors who were not present at the time of the adjournment.

SECTION 7.13 CONDUCT OF MEETINGS
Meetings of the Board shall be presided over by the Chair, or, if there is no Chair or the Chair is absent, the President or, if the President and Chair are both absent, by the Vice President (if any) or, in the absence of each of these persons, by a chairperson of the meeting, chosen by a majority of the Directors present at the meeting. The Secretary shall act as secretary of all meetings of the Board, provided that, if the Secretary is absent, the presiding officer shall appoint another person to act as secretary of the meeting. Meetings shall be governed by rules of procedure as may be determined by the Board from time to time, insofar as such rules are not inconsistent with or in conflict with these Bylaws, with the Articles, or with any provisions of law applicable to the Corporation.

SECTION 7.14

SECTION 7.15

## ACTION WITHOUT MEETINGS

Any action required or permitted to be taken by the Board may be taken without a meeting, if all members of the Board, individually or collectively, consent in writing to the action. For the purposes of this Section 7.14 only, "all members of the Board" shall not include any "interested Director" as defined in section 5233 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law. Such written consent shall have the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the Board taken at a meeting. Such written consent or consents shall be filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board.

Written consent may be transmitted by first-class mail, messenger, courier, facsimile, email or any other reasonable method satisfactory to the Chair or the President.

## FEES AND COMPENSATION OF DIRECTORS

The Corporation shall not pay any compensation to Directors for services rendered to the Corporation as Directors, except that Directors may be reimbursed for expenses incurred in the performance of their duties to the Corporation, in reasonable amounts as approved by the Board. Also, Directors may not be compensated for rendering services to the Corporation in a capacity other than as Directors, unless such compensation is reasonable and further provided that not more than $49 \%$ of the persons serving as Directors may be "interested persons" which, for purposes of this Section 7.15 only, means:
(a) any person currently being compensated by the Corporation for services rendered to it within the previous 12 months, whether as a full or part-time Officer or other employee, independent contractor, or otherwise, excluding any reasonable
compensation paid to a Director as Director; or
(b) any brother, sister, ancestor, descendant, spouse, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, son-in-law, daughter-in-law, mother-in-law, or father-in-law of any such person.

SECTION 7.16 NON-LIABILITY OF DIRECTORS
The Directors shall not be personally liable for the debts, liabilities, or other obligations of the Corporation.

## SECTION 7.17 EMERGENCY BYLAWS

7.17.1 When Applicable

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary herein, Section 7.17 applies solely during an emergency, which is the limited period of time during which a quorum cannot be readily convened for action as a result of the following events or circumstances until the event or circumstance has subsided or ended and a quorum can be readily convened in accordance with the notice and quorum requirements in Sections 7.7 and 7.9:
(a) A natural catastrophe, including, but not limited to, a hurricane, tornado, storm, high water, wind-driven water, tidal wave, tsunami, earthquake, volcanic eruption, landslide, mudslide, snowstorm, or drought, or, regardless of cause, any fire, flood, or explosion;
(b) An attack on this state or nation by an enemy of the United States of America, or on receipt by this state of a warning from the federal government indicating that an enemy attack is probable or imminent;
(c) An act of terrorism or other man made disaster that results in extraordinary levels of casualties or damage or disruption severely affecting the infrastructure, environment, economy, government function, or population, including, but not limited to, mass evacuations; or
(d) A state of emergency proclaimed by the governor of the state in which one or more Directors are resident, or by the President of the United States.
7.17.2 Emergency Actions

In anticipation of or during an emergency, the Board may take either or both of the following actions necessary to conduct the Corporation's ordinary business operations and affairs:
(a) Modify lines of succession to accommodate the incapacity of any director, officer, employee, or agent resulting from the emergency;
(b) Relocate the principal office or authorize the officers to do so.

During an emergency, the Board may take either or both of the following actions necessary to conduct the Corporation's ordinary business operations and affairs:
(a) Give notice to a Director or Directors in any practicable manner under the circumstances when notice of a meeting of the Board cannot be given to that Director or Directors in the manner prescribed by Section 7.7
(b) Deem that one or more officers present at a board meeting is a Director, in order of rank and within the same rank in order of seniority, as necessary to achieve a quorum.

During an emergency the Board may not take any action that is not in the Corporation's ordinary course of business. Any actions taken in good faith during an emergency under this section bind the Corporation and may not be used to impose liability on a director, officer, employee, or agent. All provisions of the regular bylaws consistent with these emergency bylaws shall remain effective during the emergency.

## ARTICLE 8 COMMITTEES

## SECTION 8.1 COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS

The Board may, by resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors then in office, create one or more Board Committees ("Committees"), including an executive committee, each consisting of two or more Directors, to serve at the discretion of the Board. Any Committee, to the extent provided in the resolution of the Board, may be given the authority of the Board except that no Committee may:
(a) approve any action for which the California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law also requires approval of the members or approval of a majority of all members;
(b) fill vacancies on the Board or in any Committee which has the authority of the Board;
(c) fix compensation of the Directors for serving on the Board or on any Committee;
(d) amend or repeal Bylaws or adopt new Bylaws;
(e) amend or repeal any resolution of the Board which by its express terms is not so amendable or repealable;
(f) appoint any other Committees or the members of these Committees;
(g) expend corporate funds to support a nominee for Director after more persons have been nominated than can be elected; or
(h) approve any transaction (i) between the Corporation and one or more of its Directors or (ii) between the Corporation and any entity in which one or more of its Directors have a material financial interest unless the conditions of Section 10.1.2.2 are satisfied.

SECTION 8.2 MEETINGS AND ACTION OF BOARD COMMITTEES
Meetings and action of Committees shall be governed by, and held and taken in accordance with, the provisions of Article 7 concerning meetings of Directors, with such changes in the context of Article 7 as are necessary to substitute the Committee and its members for the Board and its members, except that the time for regular meetings of Committees may be determined by resolution of the Board, and special meetings of Committees may also be called by resolution of the Board. Minutes shall be kept of each meeting of any Committee and shall be filed with the corporate records. The Committee shall report to the Board from time to time as the Board may require. The Board may adopt rules for the governance of any Committee not inconsistent with the provisions by these Bylaws. In the absence of rules adopted by the Board, the Committee may adopt such rules.

## SECTION 8.3

SECTION 8.4

## SECTION 8.5 NONPROFIT INTEGRITY ACT/AUDIT COMMITTEE

In any fiscal year in which the Corporation receives or accrues gross revenues of two million dollars or more (excluding grants from, and contracts for services with, governmental entities for which the governmental entity requires an accounting of the funds received), the Board shall (i) prepare annual financial statements using generally accepted accounting principles that are audited by an independent certified public accountant ("CPA") in conformity with generally accepted auditing standards; (ii) make the audit available to the Attorney General and to the public on the same basis that the Internal Revenue Service Form 990 is required to be made available; and (iii) appoint an Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee shall not include paid or unpaid staff or employees of the Corporation, including, if staff members or employees, the President or chief executive officer or the Treasurer or chief financial officer (if any). If there is a finance committee, members of the finance committee shall constitute less than $50 \%$ of the membership of the Audit Committee and the chairperson of the Audit Committee shall not be a member of the finance committee. Subject to the supervision of the Board, the Audit Committee shall:
(a) make recommendations to the Board on the hiring and firing of the CPA;
(b) confer with the CPA to satisfy Audit Committee members that the financial affairs of the Corporation are in order;
(c) approve non-audit services by the CPA and ensure such services conform to standards in the Yellow Book issued by the United States Comptroller General; and
(d) if requested by the Board, negotiate the CPA's compensation on behalf of the Board.

SECTION 8.6

## ARTICLE 9 OFFICERS

## SECTION 9.1 OFFICERS

SECTION 9.2

SECTION 9.3

The officers of the Corporation ("Officers") shall be a President, a Chair, a Secretary, and a Treasurer. Other than the Chair, these persons may, but need not be, selected from among the Directors. The Board shall have the power to designate additional Officers, including a Vice President, who also need not be Directors, with such duties, powers, titles and privileges as the Board may fix, including such Officers as may be appointed in accordance with Section 9.6.6. Any number of offices may be held by the same person, except that the Secretary and the Treasurer may not serve concurrently as either the President or the Chair.

## ADVISORY COMMITTEES

The Board may create one or more advisory committees to serve at the pleasure of the Board. Appointments to such advisory committees need not, but may, be Directors. The Board shall appoint advisory committee members for a term of two years. Advisors shall not serve for more than three consecutive terms. An Advisor who has served three consecutive terms may be eligible to serve as an Advisor after two years have passed since that person was last an Advisor. All actions and recommendations of an advisory committee shall require ratification by the Board before being given effect.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS
The Officers, except those appointed in accordance with Section 9.6.6, shall be elected by the Board at the annual meeting of the Corporation for a term of two years, and each shall serve at the discretion of the Board until their successor shall be elected, or their earlier resignation or removal. Officers may be elected for three consecutive terms.

## REMOVAL OF OFFICERS

Subject to the rights, if any, of an Officer under any contract of employment, any Officer may be removed, with or without cause, (i) by the Board, at any regular or special meeting of the Board, or at the annual meeting of the Corporation, or (ii) by an Officer on whom such power of removal may be conferred by the Board.
9.6.1 Chair of the Board

The chair of the Board (the "Chair"), if any, shall be a Director and shall preside at meetings of the Board and exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Board or prescribed by these Bylaws. If the Board designates both a Chair and a President, the Board shall, by resolution, establish the specific duties carried by each position.
9.6.2 President

The president of the Corporation (the "President") shall, if there is no Chair, or in the Chair's absence, preside at meetings of the Board and exercise and perform such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to them by the Board or prescribed by these Bylaws. The President shall, in addition, be the chief executive and shall have the powers and duties prescribed in Section 9.7.
9.6.3 Secretary

The secretary of the Corporation (the "Secretary") shall attend to the following:

### 9.6.3.1 Bylaws

The Secretary shall certify and keep or cause to be kept at the principal office of the Corporation the original or a copy of these Bylaws as amended to date.
9.6.3.2 Minute Book

The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept a minute book as described in Section 12.1.
9.6.3.3 Notices

The Secretary shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Board in accordance with these Bylaws.
9.6.3.4 Corporate Records

Upon request, the Secretary shall exhibit or cause to be exhibited at all reasonable times to any Director, or to their agent or attorney, these Bylaws and the minute book.
9.6.3.5 Corporate Seal and Other Duties The Secretary shall keep or cause to be kept the seal of the Corporation, if any, in safe custody, and shall have such other powers and perform such other duties incident to the office of Secretary as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws.

### 9.6.4 Treasurer

The treasurer of the Corporation (the "Treasurer") shall attend to the following:
9.6.4.1 Books of Account

The Treasurer shall keep and maintain, or cause to be kept and maintained, adequate and correct books and records of accounts of the properties and transactions of the Corporation, including accounts of its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, losses, capital, retained earnings, and other matters customarily included in financial statements. The books of account shall be open to inspection by any Director at all reasonable times.

The Treasurer shall receive, process, and disburse or cause to receive, process, and disburse funds under controls that are sufficient to maintain basic separation of duties to protect bank accounts, income receipts, and payments.
9.6.4.2 Financial Reports

The Treasurer shall prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify, or cause to be certified, the financial statements to be included in any required reports.
9.6.4.3 Deposits and Disbursement of Money and Valuables

The Treasurer shall deposit, or cause to be deposited, all money and other valuables in the name and to the credit of the Corporation with such depositories as may be designated by the Board; shall disburse, or cause to be disbursed, the funds of the Corporation as may be ordered by the Board; shall render, or cause to be rendered to the President and Directors, whenever they request it, an account of all of their transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Corporation; and shall have other powers and perform such other duties incident to the office of Treasurer as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws.
9.6.4.4 Bond

If required by the Board, the Treasurer shall give the Corporation a bond in the amount and with the surety or sureties specified by the Board for faithful performance of the duties of their office and for restoration to the Corporation of all its books, papers, vouchers, money, and other property of every kind in their possession or under their control on their death, resignation, retirement, or removal from office.
9.6.5 Additional Officers

The Board may empower the Chair, President/Chief Executive, to appoint or remove such other Officers as the business of the Corporation may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these Bylaws or as the Board from time to time may determine.

## SECTION 9.7 CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Subject to such supervisory powers as may be given by the Board to the Chair, the Board may hire a chief executive who shall be the general manager of the Corporation, and subject to the control of the Board, shall supervise, direct and control the Corporation's day-to-day activities, business and affairs. The chief executive (who may be referred to as the "chief executive officer" or "executive director") shall be empowered to hire, supervise and fire all of the employees of the Corporation, under such terms and having such job responsibilities as the chief executive shall determine in their sole discretion, subject to the rights, if any, of the employee under any contract of employment. The chief executive may delegate their responsibilities and powers subject to the control of the Board. They shall have such other powers and duties as may be prescribed by the Board or these Bylaws. Additionally, the Board may, by resolution, appoint the chief executive as an Officer.

SECTION 9.8
9.8.1 Salaries Fixed by Board

The salaries of Officers, if any, shall be fixed from time to time by resolution of the Board or by the person or Committee to whom the Board has delegated this function, and no Officer shall be prevented from receiving such salary by reason of the fact that they are also a Director, provided, however, that such compensation paid to a Director for serving as an Officer shall only be allowed if permitted under the provisions of Section 7.15. In all cases, any salaries received by Officers shall be reasonable and given in return for services actually rendered for the Corporation which relate to the performance of the public benefit purposes of the Corporation. No salaried Officer serving as a Director shall be permitted to vote on their own compensation as an Officer.
9.8.2 Fairness of Compensation

The Board shall periodically review the fairness of compensation, including benefits, paid to every person, regardless of title, with powers, duties, or responsibilities comparable to the president, chief executive officer, or treasurer, or chief financial officer (i) once such person is hired, (ii) upon any extension or renewal of such person's term of employment, and (iii) when such person's compensation is modified (unless all employees are subject to the same general modification of compensation).

## ARTICLE 10 TRANSACTION BETWEEN CORPORATION AND DIRECTORS OR OFFICERS

SECTION 10.1 TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS

Requirements to Authorize Interested Party Transactions
10.1.2.1 By the Board of Directors

The Corporation shall not be a party to any transaction described in 10.1.1 unless:
(a) the Corporation enters into the transaction for its own benefit;
(b) the transaction is fair and reasonable to the Corporation at the time the transaction is entered into;
(c) prior to consummating the transaction or any part thereof, the Board authorizes or approves the transaction in good faith, by a vote of a majority of Directors then in office (without counting the vote of the interested Directors), and with knowledge of the material facts concerning the transaction and the interested Director's or Officer's financial interest in the transaction;
(d) prior to authorizing or approving the transaction, the Board considers and in good faith determines after reasonable investigation that the Corporation could not obtain a more advantageous arrangement with reasonable effort under the circumstances; and
(e) the minutes of the Board meeting at which such action was taken reflect that the Board considered and made the findings described in paragraphs (a) through (d) of this Section 10.1.2.
10.1.2.2 By a Committee

A Committee shall not approve a transaction described in 10.1.1 unless:
(a) the Committee approves the transaction in a manner consistent with the standards set forth in section 10.1.2.1;
(b) it was not reasonably practicable to obtain approval of the transaction by the Board prior to entering into the transaction; and
(c) the Board, after determining in good faith that the two above-enumerated conditions of this section 10.1.2.2 are satisfied, ratifies the transaction at its next meeting by a vote of the majority of
the Directors in office without counting the vote of the interested Director or Directors.
10.1.3 Material Financial Interest

A Director or Officer shall not be deemed to have a "material financial interest" in a transaction:
(a) that fixes the compensation of a Director as a Director or Officer;
(b) if the contract or transaction is part of a public or charitable program of the Corporation and it (1) is approved or authorized by the Corporation in good faith and without unjustified favoritism, and (2) results in a benefit to one or more Directors or their families only because they are in the class of persons intended to be benefited by the program; or
(c) where the interested Director has no actual knowledge of the transaction and it does not exceed the lesser of one percent of the gross receipts of the corporation for the preceding year or $\$ 100,000$.

SECTION 10.2 LOANS TO DIRECTORS AND OFFICERS
The Corporation shall not make any loan of money or property to or guarantee the obligation of any Director or Officer, unless approved by the Attorney General; except that the Corporation may advance money to a Director or Officer for expenses reasonably anticipated to be incurred in the performance of duties of such Director or Officer, if in the absence of such advance, such Director or Officer would be entitled to be reimbursed for such expenses by the Corporation.

The limitation above does not apply if (i) the loan is necessary, in the judgment of the Board, to provide financing for the purchase of the principal residence of an Officer in order to secure the services of (or continued services of) the Officer and the loan is secured by real property located in California; or (ii) the loan is for the payment of premiums on a life insurance policy on the life of a Director or Officer and repayment to the Corporation of the amount paid by it is secured by the proceeds of the policy and its cash surrender value.

## SECTION 10.3 INTERLOCKING DIRECTORATES

No contract or other transaction between the Corporation and any corporation, firm or association of which one or more Directors are directors is either void or voidable because such Director(s) are present at the Board or Committee meeting that authorizes, approves or ratifies the contract or transaction, if (i) the material facts as to the transaction and as to such Director's other directorship are fully disclosed or known to the Board or Committee, and the Board or Committee authorizes, approves or ratifies the contract or transaction in good faith by a vote sufficient without counting the vote of the common Director(s) (subject to the quorum provisions of Article 7); or if (ii) the contract or transaction is just and reasonable as to the Corporation at the time it is authorized, approved or ratified.

## ARTICLE 11

SECTION 11.1 DEFINITIONS
For the purpose of this Article 11,
11.1.1 "Agent"
means any person who is or was a Director, Officer, employee, or other agent of the Corporation, or is or was serving at the request of the Corporation as a Director, Officer, employee, or agent of another foreign or domestic corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, or other enterprise, or was a Director, Officer, employee, or agent of a foreign or domestic corporation that was a predecessor corporation of the Corporation or of another enterprise at the request of the predecessor corporation;
11.1.2 "Proceeding"
means any threatened, pending, or completed action or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative, or investigative; and
11.1.3 "Expenses"
includes, without limitation, all attorneys' fees, costs, and any other expenses reasonably incurred in the defense of any claims or proceedings against an Agent by reason of their position or relationship as Agent and all attorneys' fees, costs, and other expenses reasonably incurred in establishing a right to indemnification under this Article 11.

## SECTION 11.2 APPLICABILITY OF INDEMNIFICATION PROVISIONS

11.2.1 Successful Defense by Agent

To the extent that an Agent has been successful on the merits in the defense of any proceeding referred to in this Article 11, or in the defense of any claim, issue, or matter therein, the Agent shall be indemnified against expenses actually and reasonably incurred by the Agent in connection with the claim.
11.2.2 Settlement or Unsuccessful Defense by Agent

If an Agent either settles any proceeding referred to in this Article 11, or any claim, issue, or matter therein, or sustains a judgment rendered against them, then the provisions of Section 11.3 through Section 11.6 shall determine whether the Agent is entitled to indemnification.

SECTION 11.3 ACTIONS BROUGHT BY PERSONS OTHER THAN THE CORPORATION This Section 11.3 applies to any proceeding other than an action "by or on behalf of the corporation" as defined in Section 11.4. Such proceedings that are not brought by
or on behalf of the Corporation are referred to in this Section 11.3 as "Third Party proceedings."
11.3.1 Scope of Indemnification in Third Party Proceedings

Subject to the required findings to be made pursuant to Section 11.3.2, the Corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party, to any Third Party proceeding, by reason of the fact that such person is or was an Agent, for all expenses, judgments, fines, settlements, and other amounts actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the proceeding.
11.3.2 Required Standard of Conduct for Indemnification in Third Party Proceedings Any indemnification granted to an Agent in Section 11.3.1 above is conditioned on the following. The Board must determine, in the manner provided in Section 11.5, that the Agent seeking reimbursement acted in good faith, in a manner they reasonably believed to be in the best interest of the Corporation, and, in the case of a criminal proceeding, they must have had no reasonable cause to believe that their conduct was unlawful. The termination of any proceeding by judgment, order, settlement, conviction, or on a plea of nolo contendere or its equivalent shall not, of itself, create a presumption that the person did not act in good faith or in a manner they reasonably believed to be in the best interest of the Corporation or that they had reasonable cause to believe that their conduct was unlawful.

## SECTION 11.4 ACTION BROUGHT BY OR ON BEHALF OF THE CORPORATION

This Section 11.4 applies to any proceeding brought (i) by or in the right of the Corporation, or (ii) by an Officer, Director or person granted relator status by the Attorney General, or by the Attorney General, on the ground that the defendant Director was or is engaging in self-dealing within the meaning of section 5233 of the California Nonprofit Corporation Law, or (iii) by the Attorney General or person granted relator status by the Attorney General for any breach of duty relating to assets held in charitable trust (any such proceeding is referred to in these Bylaws as a proceeding "by or on behalf of the Corporation").
11.4.1 Scope of Indemnification in Proceeding By or On Behalf of the Corporation Subject to the required findings to be made pursuant to Section 11.4.2, and except as provided in Sections 11.4.3 and 11.4.4, the Corporation may indemnify any person who was or is a party, or is threatened to be made a party, to any proceeding by or on behalf of the Corporation, by reason of the fact that such person is or was an Agent, for all expenses actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense or settlement of such action.
11.4.2 Required Standard of Conduct for Indemnification in Proceeding By or On Behalf of the Corporation
Any indemnification granted to an Agent in Section 11.4.1 is conditioned on the following. The Board must determine, in the manner provided in Section 11.5, that the Agent seeking reimbursement acted in good faith, in a manner they believed to be in the best interest of the Corporation and with such care, including reasonable inquiry, as an ordinarily prudent person in a like position would use under similar circumstances.
11.4.3
11.4.4 Claims and Suits Awarded Against Agent

If any Agent is adjudged to be liable to the Corporation in the performance of the Agent's duty to the Corporation, the Agent shall receive no indemnification for amounts paid pursuant to the judgment, and any indemnification of such Agent under Section 11.4.1 for expenses actually and reasonably incurred in connection with the defense of that action shall be made only if both of the following conditions are met:
(a) The determination of good faith conduct required by Section 11.4.2 must be made in the manner provided for in Section 11.5; and
(b) Upon application, the court in which the action was brought must determine that, in view of all of the circumstances of the case, the Agent is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnity for the expenses incurred. If the Agent is found to be so entitled, the court shall determine the appropriate amount of expenses to be reimbursed.

## SECTION 11.5 DETERMINATION OF AGENT'S GOOD FAITH CONDUCT

The indemnification granted to an Agent in Section 11.3 and Section 11.4 is conditioned on the findings required by those Sections being made by:
(a) the Board by a majority vote of a quorum consisting of Directors who are not parties to the proceeding; or
(b) the court in which the proceeding is or was pending. Such determination may be made on application brought by the Corporation or the Agent or the attorney or other person rendering a defense to the Agent, whether or not the application by the Agent, attorney, or other person is opposed by the Corporation.

## SECTION 11.6 LIMITATIONS

No indemnification or advance shall be made under this Article 11, except as provided in Section 11.2.1 or Section 11.5(b), in any circumstances when it appears:
(a) that the indemnification or advance would be inconsistent with a provision of the Articles of Incorporation, as amended, or an agreement in effect at the time of the accrual of the alleged cause of action asserted in the proceeding in which the expenses were incurred or other amounts were paid, which prohibits or otherwise limits indemnification; or
(b) that the indemnification would be inconsistent with any condition expressly imposed by a court in approving a settlement.

SECTION 11.7

SECTION 11.8 CONTRACTUAL RIGHTS OF NON-DIRECTORS AND NON-OFFICERS Nothing contained in this Article 11 shall affect any right to indemnification to which persons other than Directors and Officers of the Corporation, or any of its subsidiaries, may be entitled by contract or otherwise.

SECTION 11.9 INSURANCE
The Board may adopt a resolution authorizing the purchase and maintenance of insurance on behalf of any Agent, as defined in this Article 11, against any liability asserted against or incurred by any Agent in such capacity or arising out of the Agent's status as such, whether or not the Corporation would have the power to indemnify the Agent against the liability under the provisions of this Article 11.

## ARTICLE 12

SECTION 12.1 MINUTE BOOK
The Corporation shall keep a minute book in written form which shall contain a record of all actions by the Board or any committee including (i) the time, date and place of each meeting; (ii) whether a meeting is regular or special and, if special, how called; (iii) the manner of giving notice of each meeting and a copy thereof; (iv) the names of those present at each meeting of the Board or any Committee thereof; (v) the minutes of all meetings; (vi) any written waivers of notice, consents to the holding of a meeting or approvals of the minutes thereof; (vii) all written consents for action without a meeting; (viii) all protests concerning lack of notice; and (ix) formal dissents from Board actions.

SECTION 12.2 BOOKS AND RECORDS OF ACCOUNT
The Corporation shall keep adequate and correct books and records of account. "Correct books and records" includes, but is not necessarily limited to: accounts of properties and transactions, its assets, liabilities, receipts, disbursements, gains, and losses.

SECTION 12.3 ARTICLES OF INCORPORATION AND BYLAWS
The Corporation shall keep at its principal office, the original or a copy of the Articles of Incorporation and Bylaws as amended to date.
12.3.1 Maintenance and Inspection of Federal Tax Exemption Application and Annual Information Returns
The Corporation shall at all times keep at its principal office a copy of its federal tax exemption application and, for three years from their date of filing, its annual information returns. These documents shall be open to public inspection and copying to the extent required by the Code.

SECTION 12.4 ANNUAL REPORT; STATEMENT OF CERTAIN TRANSACTIONS
The Board shall cause an annual report to be sent to each Director within 120 days after the close of the Corporation's fiscal year containing the following information:
(a) The assets and liabilities of the Corporation, including the trust funds, as of the end of the fiscal year;
(b) The principal changes in assets and liabilities, including trust funds, during the fiscal year;
(c) The revenue or receipts of the Corporation, both unrestricted and restricted to particular purposes, for this fiscal year;
(d) The expenses or disbursements of the Corporation for both general and restricted purposes during the fiscal year;
(e) A statement of any transaction (i) to which the Corporation, its parent, or its subsidiary was a party, (ii) which involved more than $\$ 50,000$ or which was one of a number of such transactions with the same person involving, in the aggregate, more than $\$ 50,000$, and (iii) in which either of the following interested persons had a direct or indirect material financial interest (a mere common directorship is not a financial interest):

1. Any Director or Officer of the Corporation, its parent, or its subsidiary;
2. Any holder of more than $10 \%$ of the voting power of the Corporation, its parent, or its subsidiary.

The statement shall include: (i) a brief description of the transaction; (ii) the names of interested persons involved; (iii) their relationship to the Corporation; (iv) the nature of their interest in the transaction, and; (v) when practicable, the amount of that interest, provided that, in the case of a partnership in which such person is a partner, only the interest of the partnership need be stated.
(f) A brief description of the amounts and circumstances of any loans, guaranties, indemnifications, or advances aggregating more than $\$ 10,000$ paid during the fiscal year to any Officer or Director under Article 10 or Article 11.

SECTION 12.5 DIRECTOR'S RIGHTS OF INSPECTION
Every Director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect the books, records, documents of every kind, and physical properties of the Corporation and each of its subsidiaries. The inspection may be made in person or by the Director's agent or attorney. The right of inspection includes the right to copy and make extracts of documents.

SECTION 12.6 CORPORATE SEAL
The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as may be approved from time to time by the Board. Failure to affix the seal to corporate instruments, however, shall not affect the validity of any such instrument.

## ARTICLE 13

SECTION 13.1
13.1.1
13.1.2

SECTION 13.2

SECTION 13.3 DEPOSITS
All funds of the Corporation shall be deposited from time to time to the credit of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as the Board may select.

SECTION 13.4 GIFTS
The Board may accept on behalf of the Corporation any combination of gift, bequest, or devise for the charitable or public purposes of the Corporation.

## ARTICLE 14 CONSTRUCTION AND DEFINITIONS

Unless the context requires otherwise, the general provisions, rules of construction, and definitions of California Nonprofit Corporation Law shall govern the construction of these Bylaws. Without limiting the generality of the above, the masculine gender includes the feminine and neuter, the singular number includes the plural, the plural number includes the singular, and the term "person" includes both the Corporation and a natural person. All references to statutes, regulations and laws shall include any future statutes, regulations and laws that replace those referenced.

## ARTICLE 15 AMENDMENTS

## SECTION 15.1 AMENDMENT BY DIRECTORS

The Board may adopt, amend or repeal bylaws. Such power is subject to the following limitations:
(a) Where any provision of these Bylaws requires the vote of a larger proportion of the Directors than otherwise is required by law, such provision may not be altered, amended or repealed except by the vote of such greater number.
(b) No amendment may extend the term of a Director beyond that for which such Director was elected.
(c) If bylaws are adopted, amended or repealed at a meeting of the Board, such action is authorized only at a duly called and held meeting for which written notice of such meeting, setting forth the proposed bylaw revisions with explanations therefore, is given in accordance with these Bylaws, unless such notice is waived in accordance with these Bylaws.

## CERTIFICATE OF SECRETARY

I certify that I am the duly elected and acting Secretary of In Good Company, a California nonprofit public benefit corporation; that these Bylaws, consisting of 23 pages, are the Bylaws of this Corporation as adopted by the Board of Directors on January 12, 2023; and that these restated Bylaws contain all amendments and modifications since that date.

Executed on March 8, 2023 at San Diego, California.


